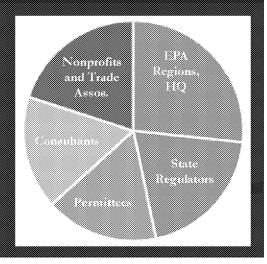


Gather The Experts!

- EPA and San Francisco Bay RWQCB cohosted 2 two-day workshops in Fall 2017 and Spring 2018
- - Learned A LOT in 30 years of MS4 implementation
 - Have we evolved as much as we should?
 - Have we learned from our successes/mistakes?
 - Wanted a diverse group to review progress, discuss barriers to improvement, and ID solutions
 - Need to work across regions, states, and organizations!

Workshop 1: Improving Stormwater Permitting and Program Implementation Approaches

- 29 MS4 experts from across U.S. (lotsa CA representation)
- 2 days of intensive dialog and debate
- "Conversation starters"
- Pre-workshop work
 - "hypotheses"
 - surveys to pretest attitudes.



Workshop Sessions 1. Learning from Program Evolution Over Time 2. Building Program Capacity 3. Building Multi-Objective Vision 4. Public Education, Outreach, and Involvement 5. Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination 6. Industrial/Commercial Program Requirements 7. Municipal Operations and Maintenance Programs 8. New/Redevelopment and Post-Construction Requirements 9. Water-Quality-Based and TMDL-Based Requirements 10. Alternative Approaches to Achieving Water-Quality-Based Requirements

Developed Findings and Recommendations

- Cross-cutting Needs for Capacity Building/Program Support
- Cross Cutting Permitting Needs
- Improve Minimum Measure Approaches
- Streamline Post-Construction Controls
- Clarify/Strengthen Water Quality-Based Approaches

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http://mationalstommwateralliance.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/Evolution-of-Stommwater-Permitting Approaches and Program-Implementation_Final_Report_5-17-18.pdf

A Basis for Action

- Already implementing some recommendations:
 - National Municipal Stormwater Funding Training Course (Early 2019)
 - SW Asset Management Training (Winter 2019)
 - Stormwater Program Development Handbook (late 2019)
- What More Should Be Done?

"If you don't ask, you don't get"

Workshop 2: MS4 Monitoring, Evaluation, Tracking, and Reporting: Learning from Experience to Improve Local Capacity and Permitting Approaches									
	■ Subject of March 2018 Workshop								
■ And our next panel, same place, at 11:00 AM									
	Please join as!								
	rishot jour so								

Hypotheses: Developing Viable Stormwater Program Capacity

			Neither Agree		Streegly	9055	\$00000000000000000000000000000000000000	Strongly Disagree
Many stemmenter programs lade sufficient foreling and	Strongly Agree	Apre	ecr Dragree	Dragres	Diagne	TOTAL	Agree	or Disappee
program implementation rapacity.	34	5	Q	ò	3	29	278	0%
The entire MSA program would benefit from having EPA								
and States provide stronger								
rechnical/managerial/financial guidance, assistance,	n n	10	ş	š	1	29		
model ordinances/materials and oversight to support								
sussessful local MSA program development.								188
To be fully effective, local stormwater programs need to								
invest in wound long-term planning incorporating wasn	22	3	9	9	9	29		
management and funding plans							3300	09
Permits should be written to bester assist and incentivias	18	8	ŝ	3	į	29		
development of necessary local program capacity.							72%	188
Substantial changes in requirements from parmit to	8	7	ŷ	3	8	23		
permit impedes development of stable programs							52%	28%
Constantly Financial capability and Financing efforts								
should be considered in escabilishing permit	33	8	3	3	3	35		
impiementation rioseirames								188
There should be a cational initiative to promote the	12	ŝ	á	4	3	25		
implementation of stormwasse utilities.	45.	:	:2	,	,	, , ;	728	78

- Clarify MS4 Permitting Requirements and Expectations. Revise national
 permitting regulations and/oxpolicy guidance to clarify and standardize
 permitting expectations in each of the basic program are a covered by MS4
 permits for increased focus on the most effective stormwater control strategies
 and practices.
- Consolidate Phase I and II Requirements. Eliminate the program categories
 of "Phase I" and "Phase II" in order to clarify that minimum program
 requirements apply to all MS4s, and to encourage improved collaboration
 between them
- Provide Flexibility in MCM Requirements. Glarify that permitting authorities
 have the flexibility to adjust MCM (minimum control measure) requirements to
 increase focus on measures that yield tangible benefits and reduce emphasis on
 those that yield little ongoing benefit.
- Explore Options to Provide Longer Planning Timeframes for Permittees.
 Develop a compendium of compliance schedules in MS4 permits, including information about how they were calculated and applied.